

\$3,342,574. In 1925 the number of offices had increased to 5,578, while the value of orders issued was more than 40 times as large as in the earlier year. In the following tables, illustrating the use of money orders and postal notes, it will also be noticed that the large number of 13,435,448 money orders, representing a value of \$163,519,320, were issued during the year. The number of postal notes received and paid was 6,219,630, with a value of \$13,926,654. It may be added that postal notes are issued payable to bearer and are in general use for the transfer of small sums, while money orders, on the other hand, are payable to order at a designated post office. Statistical tables showing the operation of the Post Office savings banks and the Dominion Government savings banks are included in the section on Finance.

83.—Operation of the Money Order System in Canada, fiscal years ended June 30, 1901-1906, and Mar. 31, 1907-1925.

NOTE.—For 1868 to 1900, see Canada Year Book, 1911, p. 289.

Fiscal Years.	Orders issued in Canada.	Value of orders issued in Canada.	Payable in		Value of orders issued in other countries, payable in Canada.
			Canada.	Other countries.	
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901.....	1,151,024	17,956,258	14,324,289	3,631,969	2,592,945
1902.....	1,446,129	23,549,402	18,423,035	5,126,367	3,575,903
1903.....	1,668,705	26,868,202	20,761,078	6,107,124	4,604,528
1904.....	1,869,233	29,652,811	21,706,474	7,946,337	5,197,122
1905.....	1,924,130	32,349,476	23,410,485	8,938,991	5,602,257
1906.....	2,178,549	37,355,673	26,133,565	11,222,108	6,533,201
1907 (9 mos.).....	1,845,273	32,160,098	21,958,855	10,201,243	5,393,042
1908.....	2,990,691	49,874,007	31,836,629	18,137,378	7,933,361
1909.....	3,596,299	52,627,770	36,577,552	16,050,218	7,794,751
1910.....	4,173,752	60,967,162	41,595,205	19,371,957	8,043,467
1911.....	4,840,896	70,614,862	45,451,425	25,163,437	8,664,557
1912.....	5,777,757	84,065,861	52,568,433	31,497,428	8,712,667
1913.....	6,866,563	101,153,272	61,324,030	39,829,242	9,081,627
1914.....	7,227,964	109,500,670	66,113,221	43,387,449	9,807,313
1915.....	6,990,813	89,957,906	64,723,941	25,233,965	9,707,383
1916.....	7,171,375	94,469,871	75,781,582	18,688,289	9,868,137
1917.....	8,698,502	119,695,535	97,263,961	22,431,574	9,704,610
1918.....	9,919,665	142,359,167	116,764,491	26,194,676	9,385,627
1919.....	9,100,707	142,375,809	116,646,096	25,729,713	10,351,021
1920.....	9,947,018	159,224,937	135,201,316	24,023,121	10,050,361
1921.....	11,013,167	173,523,322	155,916,232	17,607,090	6,680,971
1922.....	10,031,198	139,914,186	124,316,726	15,597,460	5,515,069
1923.....	11,098,222	143,055,120	126,617,350	16,437,770	8,986,041
1924.....	12,561,490	159,855,115	141,620,372	18,234,743	13,508,396
1925.....	13,435,448	163,519,320	145,769,761	17,749,559	13,957,618

Attention may be drawn to the discrepancy between the value of orders issued in Canada and payable in other countries and those issued elsewhere payable in Canada. The difference (about \$3,800,000 in 1925 and almost \$34,000,000 in 1914) represents to a large extent remittances made by immigrants and to travellers in foreign countries. It is an indication, at least, of the large amounts sent out from Canada, and is an essential figure in the computation of our balance of trade.